

IRISH COUNTESS HERE TO FIGHT FREE STATE

Markievicz Finds Collins
and Griffith Are Only
Stupid.

CALLS THEM TRAITORS

Kevin Barry's Sister With
Irish Leader Arriving
by the Aquitania.

AMERICA HAILED ABROAD

D. F. Malone Says Austria Is
Thankful for Our Gener-
osity and Industry.

Countess Constance Markievicz, Irish revolutionist and advocate of the complete independence of her country from British supervision, arrived yesterday by the Cunarder Aquitania, from Southampton and Cherbourg, to plead her cause before American audiences and to oppose the leaders of the Irish Free State, Collins and Griffith, whom she called "virtual traitors to the cause they originally espoused."

The Countess, who gets her title by marriage to a Polish nobleman, comes to Anglo-Saxon blood and she has no trace of the brogue one naturally expects from an Irish revolutionist. She is a daughter of the late Sir Jocelyn Gore-Booth of County Sligo, whose wife was of English birth.

The Countess's age is not in biographical records, but she looks young, is tall and slender and does not care much for fashionable dress. She opened her baggage on the pier with youthful alacrity that pleased the customs inspector, who found no bombs or other explosives, except of a literary sort. She is blue eyed, has regular features, that might be called English, talks rapidly, but with fine enunciation, and has a cheerful manner of greeting people.

Thinks Free Staters Stupid.

The Countess did not refer to Collins and Griffith with bitterness. She said perhaps they did as they had done through stupidity. Having been under sentence of death and had rough experiences in British prisons for her participation in Irish uprisings, it surprised none of her hearers when she declared with emphasis that in order to perpetuate the Irish Republic, which she insists is not only in existence but has 90 per cent. of the Irish army behind it, she was willing to go to prison again, and, if necessary, be executed.

The Countess is accompanied by Miss Kathleen Barry, native of County Carlow, who will assist her in her American campaign. Miss Barry's brother, Kevin, a boy, was executed for taking part in an attack on a body of British soldiers in 1920. About the report that the Countess was sent here because the Irish Republican party's representatives in New York, Austin Stack and John J. O'Kelly, had proved unsatisfactory, the Countess said:

"That is not so. They wanted me to come because I know more about recent events and developments in Ireland, because I am fresh from the scene of conflict."

Malone Ignores Untermyer.

Dudley Field Malone, former Collector of the Port, and counsel for Mrs. Emma Walaka, who has begun divorce proceedings against Alexander Smith Cochran, millionaire, returned with his bride by the Aquitania with nothing to say about the divorce case. He said the recent comments of Samuel Untermyer on Mr. Malone's alleged remarks in Paris about the affairs of Mrs. Cochran were based on something he had not said and that therefore he could not answer any questions on the subject.

Mr. Malone said he found everywhere in Europe great faith in the world leadership of the United States, the good will of President Harding and the statesmanship of Mr. Hughes. Mr. Malone had learned while in Austria that the "American generosity and the industry, courage and organizing ability of American women" were the population of Vienna, and that "our native cheerfulness is felt everywhere through popular American music, and Irving Berlin is as well known in Austria and on the Continent as Strauss."

Major Evan M. Johnson, in command of the Seventy-seventh Division on the French front in the world recently resigned from the army while Military Attaché of the American Embassy at Rome, returned home by the Cunarder. He asked for news of the cousin of Lieut.-Col. Whittlesey, and said that he intended to make a personal study of the case. He confirmed the report that Whittlesey's battalion never had been lost by remarking:

"I ordered him to go there and his was the only command that achieved its objective."

Mrs. Hewitt Returns.

Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, widow of the electrical inventor, arrived and declined to answer questions about the defamation suit started against her in Paris by Elizabeth E. Kelly, the nurse who attended Mr. Hewitt in his last illness. Mrs. Hewitt did not leave her suite on the trip, and she was on the pier immediately after landing.

Prince Maximilian Hohenlohe-Langenburg of Austria arrived to go to his agricultural estates in Mexico. He had a Czechoslovakian passport, as his home passed into control of the newly created state after the war. He brought with him Albert Klengel, agricultural expert, who will manage a part of the estates. The Prince is 25, speaks English perfectly, has a large admiration for America and will stop ten days at the Ritz-Carlton to see the city.

Other arrivals were Dr. Ignacio Barquer of Barcelona and Dr. Alvar Gullstrand and Dr. J. W. Nordensson of Sweden, who will attend the ophthalmological congress in Washington; Albert H. Wiggin, Sir John Henry, Miss Cordelia S. Hepburn, Frederic W. Upham, Harold C. Richard, president of the State Bank; William Harris, chairman of the Pitt-Carlton system of hotels, who said that there was more than four times as much drunkenness in Chicago as there was in London; Mrs. Philip de Rothschild, of the Comptons; and Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim.

FRENCH DEPUTIES PASS BILL TO AID AUSTRIA

55,000,000 Francs Appropriated for Reconstruction.

PARIS, April 7.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day adopted a bill appropriating 55,000,000 francs to be used toward reconstruction in Austria in conjunction with other Powers. The bill passed, however, only after repeated demands by a number of Deputies that Austria first provide properly for former Emperor Zita and her children.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., April 7.

The State Department has received informal assurances from all the Powers having claims against the Austrian Government that they will follow the lead of this Government in postponing collections of these claims for twenty-five years, with the exception of the Governments of Rumania and Yugoslavia. The amount of the Austrian debt to the United States is \$74,000,000, most of it representing foodstuffs advanced to feed the starving Austrians since the war.

VIENNA, April 7 (Associated Press).

Chancellor Schober and the other members of the Austrian Cabinet attended the Requiem Mass for the late Emperor Charles I. in St. Stephen's Cathedral yesterday were bitterly attacked by the Socialist members of the Assembly. They accused the Chancellor and his Ministers of hypocrisy and of treason to the republic. The Royalist demonstration in front of the Parliament building after yesterday's Requiem Mass resulted in twenty-one arrests.

FUNCHAL, Madeira, April 7.—Dow-

ager Duchess Marie Antonina of Parma, mother of former Emperor Zita of Austria-Hungary, arrived here to-day in Lisbon on a visit to her daughter. Former Archduke Felix has recovered from his illness.

SENATOR CALDER HELPS CAMPAIGN OF NURSES

Would Put Spanish War Veterans Women Under Pension.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., April 7.

Senator Calder (N. Y.) wants the Spanish war veterans' nurses to receive the same treatment as women who served in other wars. This was made known to-day to a delegation of New York women who served in Cuba in 1898.

They are supporting an amendment to the pension law which includes in its benefits and provisions the nurses who served under contract with the Government during the Spanish-American war. It appears that the bill as it passed the House embraces only "enlisted" women.

Senator Calder informed the nurses that he could see no difference in the nature of service performed whether it be performed by an "enlisted" woman or a nurse under "contract." Their services, no matter how they were designated, were equally valuable to the nation employing them.

BRUSH FIRE COSTS HIS LIFE.

John Van Houten died yesterday at his farm near Montvale, N. J., of burns suffered while he was fighting a small brush fire Thursday afternoon. He was 60 years old.

Overcome by the smoke from a small blaze which he had started to clear away some underbrush, Mr. Van Houten fell and was trapped by flames before he could escape. His clothes were burned from his body.

THE HAT OF UNEXAMPLED SMARTNESS



LIGHT or Dark Tints in Soft Hats which bespeak the spice and sprightliness of Spring—Bronze, Chamois, Bamboo, Filbert and Seal; Tan and Heather Intermixtures; Pearl, Nickel, Steel, Gunmetal and Nubian; Oxford, Stone and Granite; Willow-Green and Myrtle; Plain Brims or Bound Brims; Self-Colored or Brightly Contrasting Ribbons.

Mallory Soft Hats and Derbies, in guardedly exclusive shapes and shades are on sale today at the better Hat Shops and Hat Departments throughout the city and nearby.

FIVE DOLLARS

Also \$6, \$7, \$9 and up to \$12 for Standard MALLORY Velours

MALLORY HATS

RENOVED SINCE 1833



BIG WHISKY RAID BY IRISH REBELS

Many Thousand Dollars Worth
of Sir James Craig's Pro-
duct Destroyed.

SMASHED 6,000 CASKS

Sewers Flooded With Liquor
as Result of Latest Phase
of Belfast Boycott.

DUBLIN, April 7 (Associated Press).

The worst attack yet made in pursuance of the boycott on Belfast goods took place early this morning when the bonded stores of the Custom House were raided and large quantities of wine and whisky, mostly from a Belfast distillery, with which Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, is connected, were destroyed.

One hundred men, armed with revolvers, sledge hammers and pickaxes broke their way into the premises, where they smashed casks of liquor, pouring it over the floor and into the city sewers.

An official estimate of the damage has not yet been made, but the Dublin Evening Mail places the figure at hundreds of thousands of pounds. Most of this, however, would be the duty, as the Provisional Government is the lower. The boycott committee states that 6,000 casks were destroyed, or roughly, half a million gallons. It estimates the value of the liquor, apart from the duty, at £200,000.

Boycotting Belfast goods is now the prominent activity of the disaffected Republican army section.

Michael Collins, head of the Provisional Government, in a statement to-night says the rights and liberties of the Irish people will be protected by the Government of the Irish people if and when challenged or infringed by any disorderly elements in the community. Whatever steps that Government might take to take will be dictated by the necessities of the Irish people, but, he adds, the action must always be based on such necessities, and it cannot be helped if occasionally these actions appear strange to outsiders.

REPORT NEW MOVEMENT FOR AN IRISH TRUCE

'Reasonable Men' Frightened
by Growing Disorders.

LONDON, April 8 (Saturday).—Reports persist of attempts to harmonize the rival Irish parties. The Dublin correspondent of the London Times understands that an earnest effort is being made to have Free State and Republican leaders agree to protect freedom of elections and to employ their united military forces in discouraging lawlessness.

The correspondent says that reasonable men of all parties are frightened by the growing disorders and the possibility of serious conflict between the two wings of the Irish army.

IRISH REPUBLICAN ARMY PUTS MUZZLE ON PRESS

Ordered Not to Print News
About Rebels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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New York Herald Bureau, Dublin, April 7.

A notice prohibiting the publication of news about the Irish Republican army

was issued to-night by the executive council of the secessionist forces. The notice, which was directed to Dublin newspapers as well as to American and British correspondents, read:

"You are hereby notified that the publication of any matters relating to the Irish Republican army is prohibited unless passed upon by the publicity department of the Irish Republican army on behalf of the executive council."

INTERNATIONALES CALL AN 'ANTI-GENOA' STRIKE

Berlin Gathering for Soviet
and Eight Hour Day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Berlin, April 7.

The three internationales in a final midnight meeting, agreed to disagree, but to ignore their differences in order to present a common front against capitalism. The program, which they accepted, includes a demand for the eight hour day, support of the Russian revolution and the formation of an international defense organization to protect the rights of workers.

Many Majority Socialists did not welcome collaboration with the Bolsheviks, and nearly caused sabotage of the congress by insisting that the Communists explain questions concerning the cancer of liberty in Russia and the Red army's conquests.

Frederick Adler, leader of the Austrian Socialists, sidetracked the argument and induced the three internationales to agree that they had a common interest. The internationales purpose to call out all workers on April 20 and May 1 for a counter Genoa demonstration.

GERMAN ENVOY TO U. S. WOULD PUT PAST ASIDE

Dr. Wiedfeldt Wants to Deal
With Problems of To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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New York Herald Bureau, Berlin, April 7.

Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, the new German Ambassador to Washington, told THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent to-day that the recent speech of Ambassador Houghton, the new American Ambassador to Berlin, tallied exactly with his views on German-American relations.

"Not only was his speech inspired by a spirit of justice," said Dr. Wiedfeldt, "but also was proof of extraordinarily clear sight. Mr. Houghton's opinion of the necessity of putting aside war guilt meets my whole-hearted approval."

"As a manufacturer I would put aside the questions of the past and concentrate my attention upon the problems of the present and the future. My attitude means no tacit acceptance of or other stand on the question of war guilt. It is inspired merely by the feeling that the past, about which volumes

could be written, would only hamper the spirit of straightforward business which it is my intention to represent in America."

JAPAN TO ABIDE BY WASHINGTON FACTS

Tokio, April 7 (Associated Press).—The Navy Department in a statement to-day says a conference of the Admirals has decided that the strength of the Japanese navy, as restricted by the Washington armament conference, is sufficient for the defense of the empire.

It was added that a statement would shortly be forthcoming making clear the intention of Japan to abide, in principle and spirit, by the Washington agreement.

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at 2 P. M. in

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JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer
WILL SELL
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ANTIQUE AND MODERN
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For the benefit of the
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MALLORY HATS
Superior in Style and Service
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Spring's Newest
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Smartest Styles in the newest
Spring Colorings.

The McCreery FIFTH AVENUE MEN'S SHOP

Special!
Imported & Domestic
TOPCOATS
\$45.00

These coats were tailored expressly for us and they display the usual McCreery quality of fine workmanship with custom refinements. The fabrics are Shetlands, Tweeds, Homespun and Chevots in a splendid assortment of the newest Spring effects. A complete range of sizes.

OTHER SPRING TOPCOATS
\$32.50 to \$65

Men's & Young Men's
SUITS
\$40

Tailored of fine Tweeds, Worsteds, Homespun and Cassimeres in a wide variety of novelty Spring mixtures. Each suit was cut separately and made expressly for us and according to our own specifications—the quality, workmanship and custom refinements are evidence. A complete range of sizes.

OTHER SPRING SUITS
\$35 to \$60

2nd Floor—Use the Special 5th Avenue Entrance

James McCreery & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE AND THIRTY-FIFTH STREET

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

New Spring Suits

Three Special Groups of new styles
by the Kirschbaum Shops.

\$35 \$40 \$45

The Woolens

Worsteds, serges, tweeds, chevots—all in new spring weaves and patterns.

The Styles

4-piece golf suits; sport jacket models, young men's styles, business men's designs.

The prices are the result of some extremely close figuring. In quality of fabric, in character of design, in standards of tailoring these are way above the average offerings at similar prices.

Kirschbaum Spring Topcoats \$28.50 to \$45

What's the Matter With American Fiction?

A feature article in Sunday's Book
Section by Frederic Taber Cooper

JUST what degree of dignity and artistic achievement has the present American fiction reached? Where do the men and women of to-day or recent yesterday—Hergesheimer, Sinclair Lewis, Sherwood Anderson, Floyd Dell, Zona Gale, Scott Fitzgerald, Charles Norris, Owen Johnson, John Dos Passos and the others—really stand?

Uncle Tom: Seventy Years After

Another outstanding feature in the
Book Section by H. L. Pangborn

IT is a far cry from the Uncle Tom of Mrs. Stowe's famous story of the South at the beginning of the sixth decade of the last century to such a character as the Peter Siner of T. S. Stribling's much discussed "Birthright." But the negro of to-day presents a grave problem that is now being reflected in some very unusual fiction.

OTHER FEATURES—The Whispering Gallery; The Book Factory; Chronicle and Comment; Literary Pilgrimages; The World of Letters as Others See It; The World of Foreign Books; Etc.

In Sunday's Book Section

THE NEW YORK HERALD